

FYI: THESE IDENTITIES WILL BE PROVIDED ON THE GROUP QUIZ AND UNIT TEST:

<p>sum and difference identities:</p> $\sin(x \pm y) = \sin x \cdot \cos y \pm \cos x \cdot \sin y$ $\cos(x \pm y) = \cos x \cdot \cos y \mp \sin x \cdot \sin y$ $\tan(x \pm y) = \frac{\tan x \pm \tan y}{1 \mp \tan x \cdot \tan y}$	<p>double-angle identities:</p> $\sin 2\theta = 2\sin\theta\cos\theta$ $\cos 2\theta = \cos^2\theta - \sin^2\theta$ <p style="margin-left: 20px;"><i>or</i> $= 1 - 2\sin^2\theta$</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;"><i>or</i> $= 2\cos^2\theta - 1$</p> $\tan 2\theta = \frac{2\tan\theta}{1 - \tan^2\theta}$	<p>half angle identities:</p> $\sin \frac{x}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos x}{2}}$ $\cos \frac{x}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos x}{2}}$ $\tan \frac{x}{2} = \frac{1 - \cos x}{\sin x} \text{ or } \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x}$
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USE THIS SHEET TO PRACTICE AND PREPARE! (no notes, no calculator)

You will be expected to solve #1-13 on the group quiz and test. This information will then be used to answer additional questions about identities that include simplifying, factoring, solving for θ .

#1-9: Name the function that best completes each statement.

<p><i>Quotient Identities:</i></p> <p>1. _____ = $\frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$</p> <p>2. _____ = $\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$</p>	<p><i>Reciprocal identities:</i></p> <p>3. _____ = $\frac{1}{\tan \theta}$</p> <p>4. _____ = $\frac{1}{\cos \theta}$</p> <p>5. _____ = $\frac{1}{\sin \theta}$</p>	<p>6. _____ = $\frac{1}{\csc \theta}$</p> <p>7. _____ = $\frac{1}{\cot \theta}$</p> <p>8. _____ = $\frac{1}{\sec \theta}$</p>
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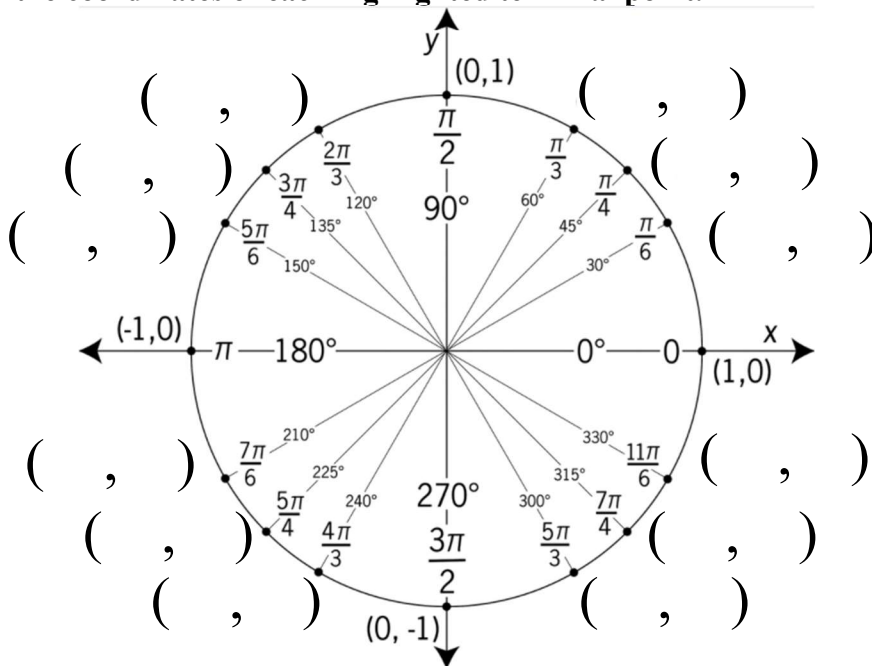
Pythagorean identity: 9. _____ + _____ = 1

#10-11: Derive the other two Pythagorean identities using the main identity from #9.

Clearly show all steps (write #9 identity, divide all terms by $\sin \theta$ or $\cos \theta$, then simplify.) See notes on bright sheet.

<p>10.</p>	<p>11.</p>
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12. Label the coordinates of each highlighted terminal point.



<p>13. Define each function in terms of x and y (based on the unit circle with $r = 1$.)</p> <p>$\sin \theta =$</p> <p>$\cos \theta =$</p> <p>$\tan \theta =$</p> <p>$\csc \theta =$</p> <p>$\sec \theta =$</p> <p>$\cot \theta =$</p>
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